	TH CONGRESS ST SESSION
1	ST SESSION
To in	mpose sanctions with respect to foreign support for Palestinian terrorism, and for other purposes.
	IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
<u> </u>	Rubio (for himself, Mr. Grassley, Ms. Collins, Mr. Moran, Mr. Young, Mr. Hoeven, Ms. Ernst, Mr. Braun, Mr. Boozman, and Mr. Scott of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
	A BILL
Γ	To impose sanctions with respect to foreign support for Palestinian terrorism, and for other purposes.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Palestinian Inter-
5	national Terrorism Support Prevention Act of 2021".
6	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
7	Except as otherwise provided, in this Act:
8	(1) ADMITTED.—The term "admitted" has the

meaning given that term in section 101(a)(13)(A) of

9

1	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
2	1101(a)(13)(A)).
3	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
4	TEES.—Except as otherwise provided, the term "ap-
5	propriate congressional committees" means the
6	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and
7	the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of
8	Representatives.
9	(3) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
10	son" means—
11	(A) an individual who is not a United
12	States person; or
13	(B) a corporation, partnership, or other
14	nongovernmental entity that is not a United
15	States person.
16	(4) Material support.—The term "material
17	support" has the meaning given the term "material
18	support or resources" in section 2339A of title 18,
19	United States Code.
20	(5) Person.—The term "person" means an in-
21	dividual or entity.
22	(6) United States Person.—The term
23	"United States person" means—

1	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
2	fully admitted for permanent residence to the
3	
	United States; or
4	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
5	the United States or of any jurisdiction within
6	the United States, including a foreign branch of
7	such an entity.
8	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
9	It is the policy of the United States—
10	(1) to prevent Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic
11	Jihad, or any affiliate or successor thereof from ac-
12	cessing its international support networks; and
13	(2) to oppose Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic
14	Jihad, or any affiliate or successor thereof from at-
15	tempting to use goods, including medicine and dual-
16	use items, to smuggle weapons and other materials
17	to further acts of terrorism.
18	SEC. 4. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FOR
19	EIGN PERSONS AND AGENCIES AND INSTRU
20	MENTALITIES OF FOREIGN STATES SUP-
21	PORTING HAMAS, THE PALESTINIAN ISLAMIC
22	JIHAD, OR ANY AFFILIATE OR SUCCESSOR
23	THEREOF.
24	(a) Identification.—

1	(1) In General.—Not later than 180 days
2	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and an-
3	nually thereafter for the following 3 years, the Presi-
4	dent shall submit to the appropriate congressional
5	committees a report that identifies each foreign per-
6	son or agency or instrumentality of a foreign state
7	that the President determines—
8	(A) knowingly assists in, sponsors, or pro-
9	vides significant financial or material support
10	for, or financial or other services to or in sup-
11	port of, the terrorist activities of any person de-
12	scribed in paragraph (2); or
13	(B) directly or indirectly, knowingly and
14	materially engages in a significant transaction
15	with any person described in paragraph (2).
16	(2) Person described.—A person described
17	in this paragraph is a foreign person that the Presi-
18	dent determines—
19	(A) is a senior member of Hamas, the Pal-
20	estinian Islamic Jihad, or any affiliate or suc-
21	cessor thereof;
22	(B) is a senior member of a foreign ter-
23	rorist organization designated pursuant to sec-
24	tion 219 of the Immigration and Nationality
25	Act (8 U.S.C. 1189) whose members directly or

1	indirectly support the terrorist activities of
2	Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any
3	affiliate or successor thereof by knowingly en-
4	gaging in a significant transaction with, or pro-
5	viding financial or material support for Hamas,
6	the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any affiliate
7	or successor thereof, or any person described in
8	subparagraph (A); or
9	(C) directly or indirectly supports the ter-
10	rorist activities of Hamas, the Palestinian Is-
11	lamic Jihad, or any affiliate or successor there-
12	of by knowingly and materially assisting, spon-
13	soring, or providing financial or material sup-
14	port for, or goods or services to or in support
15	of, Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or
16	any affiliate or successor thereof, or any person
17	described in subparagraph (A) or (B).
18	(3) Form of Report.—Each report required
19	under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassi-
20	fied form, but may contain a classified annex.
21	(4) Exception.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall not
23	be required to identify a foreign person or an
24	agency or instrumentality of a foreign state in
25	a report pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) if—

1	(i) the foreign person or agency or in-
2	strumentality of a foreign state notifies the
3	United States Government in advance that
4	it proposes to engage in a significant
5	transaction described in that paragraph
6	and
7	(ii) the President determines and noti-
8	fies the appropriate congressional commit-
9	tees in a classified form not less than 15
10	days prior to the foreign person or agency
11	or instrumentality of a foreign state engage
12	ing in the significant transaction that the
13	significant transaction is in the national
14	interests of the United States.
15	(B) Non-applicability.—Subparagraph
16	(A) shall not apply with respect to—
17	(i) an agency or instrumentality of a
18	foreign state that the Secretary of State
19	determines has repeatedly provided support
20	for acts of international terrorism pursu-
21	ant to section 1754(c) of the Export Con-
22	trols Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)), sec-
23	tion 40 of the Arms Export Control Act
24	(22 U.S.C. 2780), section 620A of the

1	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
2	2371), or any other provision of law; or
3	(ii) any significant transaction de-
4	scribed in paragraph (1)(B) that involves,
5	directly or indirectly, a foreign state de-
6	scribed in clause (i).
7	(b) Imposition of Sanctions.—
8	(1) In general.—The President shall impose
9	two or more of the sanctions described in paragraph
10	(2) with respect to a foreign person or an agency or
11	instrumentality of a foreign state identified pursuant
12	to subsection (a).
13	(2) Sanctions described.—The sanctions de-
14	scribed in this paragraph to be imposed with respect
15	to a foreign person or an agency or instrumentality
16	of a foreign state are the following:
17	(A) The President may direct the Export-
18	Import Bank of the United States not to give
19	approval to the issuance of any guarantee, in-
20	surance, extension of credit, or participation in
21	the extension of credit in connection with the
22	export of any goods or services to the foreign
23	person or agency or instrumentality of a foreign
24	state, and the Export-Import Bank of the

1 United States shall comply with any such direc-2 tion. 3 (B) The President may prohibit the sale of 4 any defense articles, defense services, or design 5 and construction services under the Arms Ex-6 port Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seg.) to 7 the foreign person or agency or instrumentality 8 of a foreign state. 9 (C) The President may prohibit the 10 issuance of licenses for export of any item on 11 the United States Munitions List under section 12 38(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22) 13 U.S.C. 2778(a)(1)) that include the foreign per-14 son or agency or instrumentality of a foreign 15 state as a party. 16 (D) The President may prohibit the export 17 of any goods or technologies controlled for na-18 tional security reasons under the Export Ad-19 ministration Regulations under subchapter C of 20 chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regula-21 tions, to the foreign person or agency or instru-22 mentality of a foreign state, except that such 23 prohibition shall not apply to any transaction 24 subject to the reporting requirements of title V

1	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
2	U.S.C. 3091 et seq.).
3	(E) The President may prohibit any
4	United States financial institution from making
5	loans or providing any credit or financing total-
6	ing more than \$10,000,000 to the foreign per-
7	son or agency or instrumentality of a foreign
8	state, except that this subparagraph shall not
9	apply to—
10	(i) any transaction subject to the re-
11	porting requirements of title V of the Na-
12	tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C
13	3091 et seq.);
14	(ii) the provision of medicines, medical
15	equipment, and humanitarian assistance
16	or
17	(iii) any credit, credit guarantee, or fi-
18	nancial assistance provided by the Depart-
19	ment of Agriculture to support the pur-
20	chase of food or other agricultural com-
21	modities.
22	(F) The President may exercise all powers
23	granted to the President by the International
24	Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C
25	1701 et seq.) (except that the requirements of

1	section 202 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall
2	not apply) to the extent necessary to block and
3	prohibit all transactions in all property and in-
4	terests in property of a foreign person or agen-
5	cy or instrumentality of a foreign state if such
6	property and interests in property are in the
7	United States, come within the United States,
8	or are or come within the possession or control
9	of a United States person.
10	(3) Exception.—The President shall not be
11	required to apply sanctions under this subsection
12	with respect to a foreign person or an agency or in-
13	strumentality of a foreign state identified pursuant
14	to subsection (a) if the President certifies in writing
15	to the appropriate congressional committees that—
16	(A) the foreign person or agency or instru-
17	mentality—
18	(i) is no longer carrying out activities
19	or transactions for which the sanctions
20	were to be imposed; or
21	(ii) has taken and is continuing to
22	take significant verifiable steps toward ter-
23	minating the activities or transactions for
24	which the sanctions were to be imposed;
25	and

1	(B) the President has received reliable as-
2	surances from the foreign person or agency or
3	instrumentality that it will not carry out any
4	activities or transactions for which sanctions
5	may be imposed under this subsection in the fu-
6	ture.
7	(c) Penalties.—
8	(1) In general.—The penalties provided for in
9	subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-
10	national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
11	U.S.C. 1705) shall apply to a person that knowingly
12	violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or
13	causes a violation of regulations prescribed under
14	section 8(b) to carry out subsection (b)(2)(F) to the
15	same extent that such penalties apply to a person
16	that knowingly commits an unlawful act described in
17	section 206(a) of that Act.
18	(2) Authorities.—The President may exercise
19	all authorities provided to the President under sec-
20	tions 203 and 205 of the International Emergency
21	Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704)
22	for purposes of carrying out subsection (b)(2)(F).
23	(d) Waiver.—
24	(1) In general.—The President may waive,
25	on a case-by-case basis and for a period of not more

1	than 180 days, a requirement under subsection (b)
2	to impose or maintain sanctions with respect to a
3	foreign person or agency or instrumentality of a for-
4	eign state if the President—
5	(A) determines that the waiver is in the
6	national security interest of the United States;
7	and
8	(B) not less than 30 days before the waiv-
9	er takes effect, submits to the appropriate con-
10	gressional committees a report on the waiver
11	and the justification for the waiver.
12	(2) Renewal of Waiver.—The President
13	may, on a case-by-case basis, renew a waiver under
14	paragraph (1) for additional periods of not more
15	than 180 days if the President—
16	(A) determines that the renewal of the
17	waiver is in the national security interest of the
18	United States; and
19	(B) not less than 15 days before the waiv-
20	er expires, submits to the appropriate congres-
21	sional committees a report on the renewal of
22	the waiver and the justification for the renewal
23	of the waiver.
24	(e) Rule of Construction.—The authority to im-
25	pose sanctions under subsection (b) with respect to a for-

- 1 eign person or an agency or instrumentality of a foreign
- 2 state identified pursuant to subsection (a) is in addition
- 3 to the authority to impose sanctions under any other pro-
- 4 vision of law with respect to foreign persons or agencies
- 5 or instrumentalities of foreign states that directly or indi-
- 6 rectly support international terrorism.
- 7 (f) Agency or Instrumentality of a Foreign
- 8 STATE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "agency or
- 9 instrumentality of a foreign state" has the meaning given
- 10 that term in section 1603(b) of title 28, United States
- 11 Code.
- 12 (g) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
- 13 on the date of the enactment of this Act and apply with
- 14 respect to activities and transactions described in sub-
- 15 section (a) that are carried out on or after such date of
- 16 enactment.
- 17 SEC. 5. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FOR-
- 18 EIGN GOVERNMENTS THAT PROVIDE MATE-
- 19 RIAL SUPPORT FOR THE TERRORIST ACTIVI-
- TIES OF HAMAS, THE PALESTINIAN ISLAMIC
- 21 JIHAD, OR ANY AFFILIATE OR SUCCESSOR
- THEREOF.
- 23 (a) Identification.—
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
- 25 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and

1	every 180 days thereafter, the President shall sub-
2	mit to the appropriate congressional committees a
3	report that identifies the following:
4	(A) Each government of a foreign coun-
5	try—
6	(i) with respect to which the Secretary
7	of State determines has repeatedly pro-
8	vided support for acts of international ter-
9	rorism pursuant to section 1754(c) of the
10	Export Controls Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C.
11	4813(c)), section 40 of the Arms Export
12	Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780), section
13	620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of
14	1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371), or any other pro-
15	vision of law; and
16	(ii) with respect to which the Presi-
17	dent determines has provided direct or in-
18	direct material support for the terrorist ac-
19	tivities of Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic
20	Jihad, or any affiliate or successor thereof.
21	(B) Each government of a foreign country
22	that—
23	(i) is not identified under subpara-
24	graph (A); and

1	(ii) the President determines engaged
2	in a significant transaction so as to con-
3	tribute knowingly and materially to the ef-
4	forts by the government of a foreign coun-
5	try described in subparagraph (A)(i) to
6	provide direct or indirect material support
7	for the terrorist activities of Hamas, the
8	Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any affiliate
9	or successor thereof.
10	(2) Form of Report.—Each report submitted
11	under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassi-
12	fied form but may contain a classified annex.
13	(b) Imposition of Sanctions.—
14	(1) In general.—The President shall impose
15	the following sanctions with respect to each govern-
16	ment of a foreign country identified under sub-
17	section (a)(1):
18	(A) The United States Government shall
19	suspend, for a period of one year, United States
20	assistance to the government of the foreign
21	country.
22	(B) The Secretary of the Treasury shall
23	instruct the United States Executive Director
24	to each appropriate international financial insti-
25	tution to oppose, and vote against, for a period

1	of one year, the extension by that institution of
2	any loan or financial or technical assistance to
3	the government of the foreign country.
4	(C) No item on the United States Muni-
5	tions List under section 38(a)(1) of the Arms
6	Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778(a)(1)) or
7	the Commerce Control List set forth in Supple-
8	ment No. 1 to part 774 of title 15, Code of
9	Federal Regulations (or any successor list),
10	may be exported to the government of the for-
11	eign country for a period of one year.
12	(2) Exceptions.—The President shall not be
13	required to apply sanctions with respect to the gov-
14	ernment of a foreign country pursuant to paragraph
15	(1)—
16	(A) with respect to materials intended to
17	be used by military or civilian personnel of the
18	United States Armed Forces at military facili-
19	ties in the country; or
20	(B) if the application of such sanctions
21	would prevent the United States from meeting
22	the terms of any status of forces agreement to
23	which the United States is a party.
24	(c) Additional Sanctions With Respect to
25	STATE SPONSORS OF TERRORISM.—The President shall

1 impose the following additional sanctions with respect to

2 each government of a foreign country identified under sub-

3 section (a)(1)(A):

- (1) The President shall, pursuant to such regulations as the President may prescribe, prohibit any transactions in foreign exchange that are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States and in which the government of the foreign country has any interest.
 - (2) The President shall, pursuant to such regulations as the President may prescribe, prohibit any transfers of credit or payments between one or more financial institutions or by, through, or to any financial institution, to the extent that such transfers or payments are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States and involve any interest of the government of the foreign country.

(d) Waiver.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President may waive, on a case-by-case basis and for a period of not more than 180 days, a requirement under subsection (b) or (c) to impose or maintain sanctions with respect to a foreign government identified pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) if the President—

1	(A) determines that the waiver is in the
2	national security interest of the United States;
3	and
4	(B) not less than 30 days before the waiv-
5	er takes effect, submits to the appropriate con-
6	gressional committees a report on the waiver
7	and the justification for the waiver.
8	(2) Renewal of Waiver.—The President
9	may, on a case-by-case basis, renew a waiver under
10	paragraph (1) for additional periods of not more
11	than 180 days if the President—
12	(A) determines that the renewal of the
13	waiver is in the national security interest of the
14	United States; and
15	(B) not less than 15 days before the waiv-
16	er expires, submits to the appropriate congres-
17	sional committees a report on the renewal of
18	the waiver and the justification for the renewal
19	of the waiver.
20	(e) Rule of Construction.—The authority to im-
21	pose sanctions under subsection (b) or (c) with respect to
22	each government of a foreign country identified pursuant
23	to subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) is in addi-
24	tion to the authority to impose sanctions under any other
25	provision of law with respect to governments of foreign

- 1 countries that provide material support to foreign terrorist
- 2 organizations designated pursuant to section 219 of the
- 3 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189).
- 4 (f) Termination.—The President may terminate
- 5 any sanctions imposed with respect to the government of
- 6 a foreign country under subsection (b) or (c) if the Presi-
- 7 dent determines and notifies the appropriate congressional
- 8 committees that the government of the foreign country—
- 9 (1) is no longer carrying out activities or trans-
- actions for which the sanctions were imposed; and
- 11 (2) has provided assurances to the United
- 12 States Government that it will not carry out activi-
- ties or transactions for which sanctions may be im-
- posed under subsection (b) or (c) in the future.
- 15 (g) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
- 16 on the date of the enactment of this Act and apply with
- 17 respect to activities and transactions described in subpara-
- 18 graph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) that are carried out
- 19 on or after such date of enactment.
- 20 SEC. 6. EXEMPTIONS RELATING TO PROVISION OF HUMANI-
- 21 TARIAN ASSISTANCE.
- 22 (a) Sanctions With Respect to Foreign Per-
- 23 Sons and Agencies and Instrumentalities of For-
- 24 EIGN STATES.—The following activities shall be exempt
- 25 from sanctions under section 4:

(1) The conduct or facilitation of a transaction 1 2 for the sale of agricultural commodities, food, medi-3 cine, or medical devices to a foreign person described 4 in section 4(a)(2). 5 (2) The provision of humanitarian assistance to 6 a foreign person described in section 4(a)(2), includ-7 ing engaging in a financial transaction relating to 8 humanitarian assistance or for humanitarian pur-9 poses or transporting goods or services that are nec-10 essary to carry out operations relating to humani-11 tarian assistance or humanitarian purposes. 12 (b) SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FOREIGN GOV-13 ERNMENTS.—The following activities shall be exempt from 14 sanctions under section 5: 15 (1) The conduct or facilitation of a transaction 16 for the sale of agricultural commodities, food, medi-17 cine, or medical devices to Hamas, the Palestinian 18 Islamic Jihad, or any affiliate or successor thereof 19 described in section 5(a)(1). 20 (2) The provision of humanitarian assistance to 21 Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any affil-22 iate or successor thereof described in section 5(a)(1), 23 including engaging in a financial transaction relating 24 to humanitarian assistance or for humanitarian pur-25 poses or transporting goods or services that are nec-

1	essary to carry out operations relating to humani-
2	tarian assistance or humanitarian purposes.
3	SEC. 7. REPORT ON ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES
4	TO DISRUPT GLOBAL FUNDRAISING, FINANC-
5	ING, AND MONEY LAUNDERING ACTIVITIES
6	OF HAMAS, THE PALESTINIAN ISLAMIC
7	JIHAD, OR ANY AFFILIATE OR SUCCESSOR
8	THEREOF.
9	(a) Report.—
10	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
11	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
12	President shall submit to the appropriate congres-
13	sional committees a report that includes—
14	(A) a list of foreign countries that support
15	Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any
16	affiliate or successor thereof, or in which
17	Hamas maintains important portions of its fi-
18	nancial networks;
19	(B) with respect to each foreign country on
20	the list required by subparagraph (A)—
21	(i) an assessment of whether the gov-
22	ernment of the country is taking adequate
23	measures to freeze the assets of Hamas,
24	the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any affil-

1	iate or successor thereof within the terri-
2	tory of the country; and
3	(ii) in the case of a country the gov-
4	ernment of which is not taking adequate
5	measures to freeze the assets of Hamas—
6	(I) an assessment of the reasons
7	that government is not taking ade-
8	quate measures to freeze those assets;
9	and
10	(II) a description of measures
11	being taken by the United States Gov-
12	ernment to encourage that govern-
13	ment to freeze those assets;
14	(C) a list of foreign countries in which
15	Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any
16	affiliate or successor thereof, conducts signifi-
17	cant fundraising, financing, or money laun-
18	dering activities;
19	(D) with respect to each foreign country
20	on the list required by subparagraph (C)—
21	(i) an assessment of whether the gov-
22	ernment of the country is taking adequate
23	measures to disrupt the fundraising, fi-
24	nancing, or money laundering activities of
25	Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or

1	any affiliate or successor thereof within the
2	territory of the country; and
3	(ii) in the case of a country the gov-
4	ernment of which is not taking adequate
5	measures to disrupt those activities—
6	(I) an assessment of the reasons
7	that government is not taking ade-
8	quate measures to disrupt those ac-
9	tivities; and
10	(II) a description of measures
11	being taken by the United States Gov-
12	ernment to encourage that govern-
13	ment to improve measures to disrupt
14	those activities; and
15	(E) a list of foreign countries from which
16	Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any
17	affiliate or successor thereof, acquires surveil-
18	lance equipment, electronic monitoring equip-
19	ment, or other means to inhibit communication
20	or political expression in Gaza.
21	(2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph
22	(1) shall be submitted in unclassified form to the
23	greatest extent possible and may contain a classified
24	annex.

- 1 (b) Briefing.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 2 date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days
- 3 thereafter for the following 3 years, the Secretary of State,
- 4 the Secretary of the Treasury, and the heads of other ap-
- 5 plicable Federal departments and agencies (or their des-
- 6 ignees) shall provide to the appropriate congressional com-
- 7 mittees a briefing on the disposition of the assets and ac-
- 8 tivities of Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, or any
- 9 successor or affiliate thereof related to fundraising, financ-
- 10 ing, and money laundering worldwide.
- 11 (c) Definition.—In this section, the term "appro-
- 12 priate congressional committees" means—
- 13 (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
- 14 Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
- fairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of
- the Senate; and
- 17 (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
- 18 Committee on Financial Services, and the Perma-
- 19 nent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House
- of Representatives.

21 SEC. 8. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- 22 (a) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
- 23 shall be construed to apply to the authorized intelligence
- 24 activities of the United States.

1	(b) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The President shall
2	not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment
3	of this Act, prescribe regulations as are necessary for the
4	implementation of this Act.
5	(c) Exception Relating to Importation of
6	Goods.—
7	(1) In general.—The authorities and require-
8	ments to impose sanctions authorized under this Act
9	shall not include the authority or requirement to im-
10	pose sanctions on the importation of goods.
11	(2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this subsection, the
12	term "good" means any article, natural or man-
13	made substance, material, supply or manufactured
14	product, including inspection and test equipment
15	and excluding technical data.
16	(d) TERMINATION.—This Act shall terminate on the
17	earlier of—
18	(1) 30 days after the date on which the Presi-
19	dent certifies to the appropriate congressional com-
20	mittees that Hamas and the Palestinian Islamic
21	Jihad, or any successor or affiliate thereof—
22	(A) are no longer designated as a foreign
23	terrorist organization pursuant to section 219
24	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
25	U.S.C. 1189);

1	(B) are no longer subject to sanctions pur-
2	suant to—
3	(i) Executive Order 12947 (50 U.S.C.
4	1701 note; relating to prohibiting trans-
5	actions with terrorists who threaten to dis-
6	rupt the Middle East peace process); and
7	(ii) Executive Order 13224 (50 U.S.C.
8	1701 note; relating to blocking property
9	and prohibiting transactions with persons
10	who commit, threaten to commit, or sup-
11	port terrorism); and
12	(C) meet the criteria described in para-
13	graphs (1) through (4) of section 9 of the Pal-
14	estinian Anti-Terrorism Act of 2006 (Public
15	Law 109–446; 22 U.S.C. 2378b note); or
16	(2) 3 years after the date of the enactment of
17	this Act.
18	SEC. 9. DETERMINATION OF BUDGETARY EFFECTS.
19	The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of
20	complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010
21	(2 U.S.C. 931 et seq.), shall be determined by reference
22	to the latest statement titled "Budgetary Effects of
23	PAYGO Legislation" for this Act, submitted for printing
24	in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the

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- 1 House Budget Committee, provided that such statement
- 2 has been submitted prior to the vote on passage.